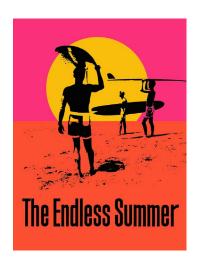
3rd Form 2025 Summer Reading and Writing Challenge



Dear 3rd Form,

We hope everyone has a nice, LONG summer break. It might not be endless, but we hope you all have plenty of opportunities to play, hike, swim, explore and try some new things (surf!!) during your vacation. To help you keep your school muscles in shape during the break, we are giving you some school exercises to work on. In addition to an optional summer math packet, we are sending home this reading and writing challenge too.

Over the summer we want you to read as much as possible. We would like every student to read at least 1000 pages before school starts in the fall. Record the books you read on the Summer Reading Log on the back of this letter and include the date and pages read in the far column. Please pick books at your grade level. You can use the www.scholastic.com website to check to see if a book is at the right reading level for you.

Additionally, every 3rd Form student must read <u>The Voyage of the Dawn Treader</u> by C.S. Lewis. This is a challenging text for rising 4th graders and some rising 5th graders, so we ask parents to read this book to their children this summer if your child is not able to comprehend the story on his or her own. Make sure to discuss the book as a family, paying special attention to the character Eustace and how he changes through the story. We will be having a seminar discussion on this book during our first full week of school. After reading the book, every student must write a response paragraph answering the following question:

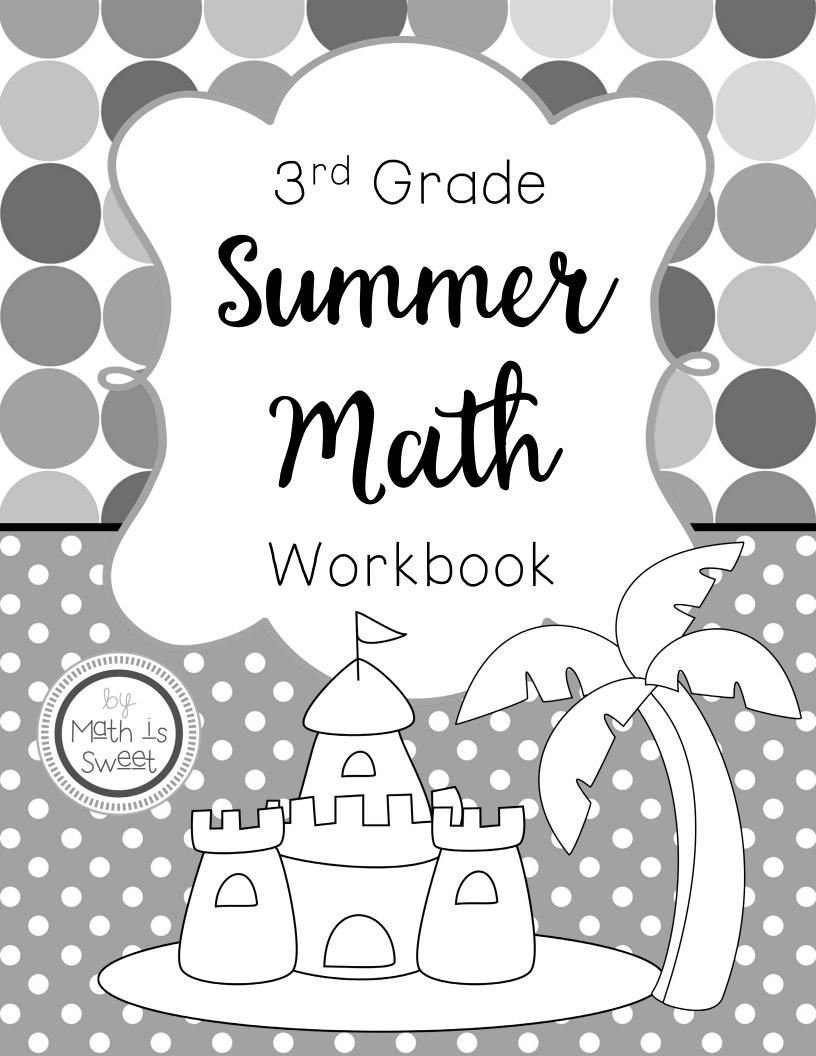
** In the story The Voyage of the Dawn Treader, how does the character Eustace change? **

HINT: A good response paragraph includes an interesting topic sentence, three supporting ideas that support your claim, a detail or example sentence for each supporting idea and a concluding sentence that reminds the reader of your topic sentence's main i dea. Rising fifth graders should also provide an analysis sentence for each supporting idea in your paragraphs.

The math packet is optional, though we strongly suggest completing 1 page every other day during the break. The reading log and response paragraph are <u>due on the first day of school</u>.

Have a great summer!

Summer Reading Log Reader's Name ______ Remember to keep reading over the summer and record what you read! Title Author Date 2. 5. 7. 8. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16.



Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade Sumr	mer Math — Day 1
Write your answer in the space provide 1) <u>Computation</u> What is the sum of 4,980 and 6,279?	ed or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u> Multiply. 4 9 1 <u>x 5</u>
3) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model) There are 5,625 people at the basketball gar them are children. How many more adults th	me. 3,095 of them are adults and the rest of nan children are at the game?
4) Fractions List three equivalent fractions for a) $\frac{1}{2} = $ b) $\frac{1}{3} = $ c) $\frac{1}{3} = $	
5) <u>Fractions</u> There were 12 slices of pizza. Luke ate $\frac{2}{3}$ of How many slices did he eat?	of the slices.

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7	6) Rounding	1
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•	c) thousand $ ightarrow$: '
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[: '
1	7) <u>Time</u>	: 1
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	a) M/hat time is shown on the sleek?	:
. :	a) What time is shown on the clock? 10 10	: .
	<i>[</i> \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	:
•	[9 \ \ \ 3]	: ,
•	b) What time will it be 30 minutes later? :	: '
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IJ	8) <u>Place Value</u>	<u> </u>
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١;	Express 2,305 in expanded form.	:
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•	9) <u>Geometry</u>	: '
	Draw a pair of perpendicular line segments. Label them AB and YZ .	:
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1	10) <u>Measurement</u>	:
٠;	Ella wants to make 12 hair bows and needs 1 foot of red ribbon for each one.	: '
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	How many <u>yards</u> of red ribbon will she need to make all 12 hair bows?	: ,
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Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade Summ	ner Math — Day 2 🔪
Write your answer in the space provided 1) <u>Computation</u> Subtract. 6, 0 2 0 - 1, 6 5 8	or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u> Divide 867 by 4.
3) <u>Fractions</u> a) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = 1$ b) $\frac{7}{9} + \frac{7}{9} = 1$	
4) <u>Fractions</u> Mark made a cake and cut it into 15 pieces. He had many <u>pieces</u> of cake are <u>left</u> ?	e ate $\frac{2}{5}$ of the pieces.
5) <u>Data</u> Use the information in the graph to answer the questions below.	200 Magazines Sold
a) The greatest increase in sales occurred between weeks and	Number 150
b) magazines were sold in weeks 1 and 2.	9 50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Week ©Math is Sweet

	6) <u>Money</u> Mia bought some s	hoes for S	\$45 89 an	d a nair of	socks for S	16 45 She	gave the c	ashier a
	\$100 bill. How much					,	J = 1 0 1110 0	
ı								
ı								
	7) <u>Time</u> Billy left his house	to plav at	the park o	at 1:45 p.m	. He return	ed at 4:35	p.m.	
' ; ;	How long was Billy			J			1	į
ı								
ı								
	8) <u>Fractions</u>			•••••				
ı	Circle the fractions	s that are	greater t	han $\frac{1}{2}$.				
ı	ı		5	9	3	4	<u>5</u> 5	
ı	- 11	<u> </u>	<u>5</u> 8	10	7	ㅎ	푸	•
. :	7		O	10	/	0	5	i
	9) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>				/	0		
 	9) <u>Area/Perimeter</u> The figure below is What is the length	s a rectan	gle. The p	erimeter o	f the rectar	o ngle is 36 i		
	The figure below is	s a rectan	gle. The p	erimeter o	f the rectar	ongle is 36 i		
	The figure below is	s a rectan	gle. The p	erimeter o	f the rectar	ongle is 36 i	nches.	
	The figure below is	s a rectan	gle. The p	erimeter o	f the rectar 8 in.	ongle is 36 i	nches.	8 in.
	The figure below is	s a rectan	gle. The p	erimeter o		ngle is 36 i	nches.	8 in.
	The figure below is	s a rectan	gle. The p	erimeter o		ngle is 36 i	nches.	8 in.
	The figure below is What is the length of th	s a rectan of side Aí 	gle. The p ? par model)	8 in.		nches.	8 in.
	The figure below is What is the length	s a rectan of side Aí (draw a k	gle. The p ? par model)	8 in.		nches.	8 in.
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	The figure below is What is the length of th	s a rectan of side Aí (draw a k	gle. The p ? par model)	8 in.		nches.	8 in.

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1) <u>Computation</u>	er in the space p	rovided or draw a 2) <u>Com</u> r	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	r final answer.	
Multiply 609 by 6.		Divide.	7 2	2 5	
			/ 2	2 5	
3) <u>Rounding</u> Round each number to th	e nearest hund	dred.			
a) 3,650 >					
, ,					
o) 4,049 →					•••••
4) <u>Fractions</u> Alice used <mark>4</mark> cup of floui	r to make cook	kies and $\frac{1}{6}$ cup	of flour to m	ake chicken	
fingers. How much flour					
5) <u>Time</u>	(ork City left t	he station at 11:	15 am Itarr	ived in New Yo	ork City
	TOTA OTTY TOTAL			1000 111 11000 10	ork Only
A train traveling to New Name 13 hours and 55 minutes lo	ater. At what t	ime did the trair	n arrive?		

7	6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model)
١ أ	A florist had 385 flowers. After selling some flowers, she had 67 flowers left.
1	If she charged \$3 for each flower sold, how much money did she make?
ו	
ı	
<u>ا</u>	
١	
١	
ı	7) <u>Money</u>
1	What is the value of the money shown below?
	THE ENTED STATES OF AMERICA.
<u> </u>	A C 089879380 C 0812302510 C 08
֡	ACOGS 9479 8 D ACOGS 9479 8 D C S 1230 251 D
	THE INTER STATES OF AMERICA
١	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ן ו	C 81230251D War Land College of the
ı	Construction ON 2 TO DEFINITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
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	8) Place Value
	Complete the pattern.
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֡	4,505 4,725 4,835 4,945
ا :	
	What's the rule?
ן ו	9) Geometry
ו	Circle the letters that have at least one line of symmetry.
	v v
	A B C D E F G
֓֡֓֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֜֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֜֓֡֓֡֓֜֡֓֜	10) <u>Measurement</u>
	If 2 cups make a pint and 2 pints make a quart, how many cups are in 8 quarts?
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:	
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٠:	

Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade Summ	ner Math — Day 4
Write your answer in the space provided 1) Computation Subtract 4,454 from 6,209.	d or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u> Multiply. 6 0 7 <u>x 8</u>
3) Word Problem (draw a bar model) The cafeteria has 2,345 plates and 1,495 boy How many plates and bowls are not plastic?	wls. 2,968 of the plates and bowls are plastic.
4) Fractions What whole numbers are represented by the a) $\frac{9}{9}$ =	fractions below?
b) $\frac{27}{9} = \underline{}$ 5) <u>Fractions</u> David ate $\frac{2}{5}$ of a pizza. John ate $\frac{2}{8}$ of a piz Who ate less?	zza.
How do you know?	

4		0
/	6) Rounding	`
	Round each number to the nearest ten.	į
1		ļ
ı	a) 3,455 >	!
ı		
	b) 2,814 >	. ' : ,
	D/ C,O IT /	: :
		ا <u>:</u>
l	c) 1,009 >	: !
		: I
1	7) <u>Time</u>	: ' : i
	Mrs. Huggins wants to serve dinner at 6:15 pm.	. ' : .
	It will take 50 minutes to prepare and 1 hour 25 minutes to cook the dinner. At what time will Mrs. Huggins need to start preparing dinner?	: I
1	AT WHAT TITLE WILL WILL SELLING HEED TO STALL PLEPALING AND ALL	<u> </u>
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ו פֿ	8) <u>Place Value</u>	<u>.</u>
, ;	Make the greatest ODD number using all of the digits below.	
		: ' : :
•		:
I	7, 5, 2, 8 >	:
ı		[
ı	9) <u>Money</u>	
	Nathan's mom gave him a \$20 bill for dinner and a movie.	
•	He spent \$10 on dinner and \$5.85 on a movie ticket.	: '
1	How much change should he give	•
	his mom from her \$20 bill?	
ı		<u>.</u>
		•
1		: '
I		:
1	10) <u>Geometry</u>	
. :	Shade the quadrilaterals.	<u>.</u>
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3rd Grade Summer Math — Day 5



Write your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final answer.

1) Computation

Add 6,550 and 2,995.

2) <u>Computation</u>
Divide 725 by 8.

3) <u>Fractions</u>

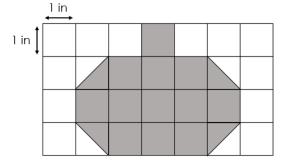
Write the fractions in simplest form.

a)
$$\frac{6}{8} =$$

b)
$$\frac{9}{12} =$$

4) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>

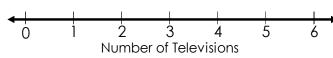
Find the area of the shaded figure.



5) Graphing

Use the data in the table to complete the line plot.

Number of Televisions	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of Families	3	5	7	7	4	0	1



Key: Each x stands for one family @Math is Swee

6) Word Problem	(draw a bar mode	1)
	<u> </u>	(0.1 0.11 0.1 1-0.1 1110 0.0	٠,

Olivia is 15 centimeters shorter than Luke. Luke is 42 centimeters taller than Kate.

Kate is 134 centimeters tall. How tall is Olivia?

7) <u>Fractions</u>

Subtract.

a)
$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{2}{10} =$$

b)
$$\frac{3}{8} - \frac{1}{8} =$$

8) Rounding

Round each number to the nearest thousand.

- a) 2,199 → _____
- b) 3,500 → _____

9) <u>Balancing Equations</u>

Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equation have the same value.

10) <u>Time</u>

How many minutes are in 1 hour?

3 hours = _____ minutes

300 minutes = _____ hours

7 hours = _____ minutes

240 minutes = ____ hours

Write your answer in the space prov		ath — Day 6	
1) <u>Computation</u> Multiply. 4 3 1 <u>x 5</u>	2) <u>Comput</u> Divide.		•••••
3) <u>Place Value</u> Fill in the blanks. If 10 tens = 100, then 18 tens =			
25 tens =			
96 tens = 4) <u>Fractions</u> (draw a picture to help you)			
a) of 25 =			
b) $\frac{3}{5}$ of $25 = $			
5) <u>Area/Perimeter</u> What is the perimeter of the rectangle bel	ow?		•••••
	32 ft		
		8 ft	

6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model)	
A new oven costs \$968. It costs \$348 less that Find the total cost of the two items.	an a new refrigerator.
7) <u>Fractions</u> Compare the fractions. Use > , < , or = .	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
b) $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$	
8) <u>Place Value</u> Compare. Write <i>greater than, less than,</i> or <i>ea</i>	gual to
a) 54 tens is	54.
b) 2,000 + 60 + 6 is	2,606.
9) <u>Measurement</u> Measure the pencil to the nearest quarter inc	h.
,	
1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
10) <u>Money</u>	
Kate earned \$50 babysitting. She spent \$5 on	
each of her 3 friends a pack of stickers as w	reli. How much money does she have left?

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Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade Summ	ner Math — Day 7 🔪
Write your answer in the space provided 1) <u>Computation</u> Subtract. 5, 2 2 8 - 3, 9 0 9	or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u> Divide. 9 9 0 6
3) <u>Geometry</u> Mark the right angles in the shape below. Use a right angle symbol.	
4) <u>Fractions</u> Shade $\frac{4}{5}$ of the star.	•
5) <u>Money</u> Brice had a yard sale last weekend. He sold a cards for \$11.98. How much money did he ear	

	6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model) There are 4,333 bags of pink and blue cotton candy at the fair.
I	2,909 of the bags are blue. How many more blue bags are there than pink bags?
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l I	
I	
I I	7) <u>Rounding</u> Round 6,315 to the nearest
	a) ten >
	b) hundred →
I	c) thousand $ ightarrow$
 	8) <u>Balancing Equations</u> Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equation have the same value.
	2,310 + = 7,800
 	2,310 + = 7,800 9) <u>Time</u> Add.
 	9) <u>Time</u>
	9) <u>Time</u> Add.
	9) <u>Time</u> Add. a) 3 hr 45 min + 2 hr 20 min =
	9) <u>Time</u> Add. a) 3 hr 45 min + 2 hr 20 min = b) 1 hr 30 min + 1 hr 40 min =
	9) <u>Time</u> Add. a) 3 hr 45 min + 2 hr 20 min = b) 1 hr 30 min + 1 hr 40 min = 10) <u>Fractions</u>
	9) <u>Time</u> Add. a) 3 hr 45 min + 2 hr 20 min = b) 1 hr 30 min + 1 hr 40 min = 10) <u>Fractions</u> If $3 = 1$ then,

Name:	_ 	-		-	Date:	
3rd Gro	de S	Sum	mer	Ma	th — Day	y 8
	ver in the s		ided or dra	w a box a omputati	round your final ans	
3) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw 418 sweaters were sold o were sold this year as la	at the dep	partment				
4) <u>Fractions</u> Put the fractions in orde	r from <i>le</i>	eastto gr	reatest.			
	3 9		<u> </u> 9		<u>0</u> 9	
5) <u>Place Value</u>						
Complete the pattern.						
•		,		. <i>)</i>	<i>,</i> -	

What is the perimeter of the sq	quare	e?						
7) <u>Time</u>								
Write the time shown on each c	clock	bel	OW.					
11 12 1					/i1	12 1		
					[10	2.	<u>\</u>	
9 - 3	3 <u>:</u>					/ 3	5:	
\8 _ 4	;/				8 7	4.	/	
7.6.5					7	6.5.		
2) Dlace Value		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••
3) <u>Place Value</u> Make the least ODD number usi	ina a	rll of	the digit	s helow				
viake file least ODD flatfiser ast	mg a	all O1	The digit	3 DOIOW.				
2, 1, 8	8, 0-)						
•••••	8, 0-)				•		
2, 1, 8 7) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	t fractio	n of the	cake has
7) <u>Fractions</u>	oiece	es of	`the cak	e are ea	•••••	t fractio	n of the	cake has
7) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p	oiece	es of	`the cak	e are ea	•••••	t fractio	n of the	cake has
7) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p	oiece	es of	`the cak	e are ea	•••••	t fractio	n of the (cake has
7) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p	oiece	es of	`the cak	e are ea	•••••	t fractio	n of the	cake has
7) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p	oiece	es of	`the cak	e are ea	•••••	t fractio	n of the (cake has
A) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ	oiece	es of	`the cak	e are ea orm.	•••••			cake has
A) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ 	piece wer i	es of	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ 	piece wer i	es of in si	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ 10) <u>Graphing</u> a) In what month did students	piece wer i	400 1	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A) <u>Fractions</u> A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ 10) <u>Graphing</u> a) In what month did students	piece wer i	es of in si	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A) Fractions A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ 10) Graphing a) In what month did students read 180 books?	piece wer i	400 1	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A) Fractions A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ (10) Graphing (a) In what month did students read 180 books? (b) During which month were	piece wer i	400 350 300	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 phot been eaten? Give your answers (a) Graphing a) In what month did students read 180 books?	mber of Books	400 350 300	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A) Fractions A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 p not been eaten? Give your answ (10) Graphing (a) In what month did students read 180 books? (b) During which month were	mber of Books	400 350 300	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 phot been eaten? Give your answers 10) Graphing a) In what month did students read 180 books? b) During which month were 50 more books read than	Number of Books	400 350 300	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 phot been eaten? Give your answers 10) Graphing a) In what month did students read 180 books? b) During which month were 50 more books read than in May?	Number of Books	400 1 350 1 300 1 250 1	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 prot been eaten? Give your answers. (a) Graphing a) In what month did students read 180 books? (b) During which month were 50 more books read than in May? (c) How many books were read	Number of Books	400 T 350 250 150 150 1	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has
A cake is cut into 12 pieces. 6 phot been eaten? Give your answers 10) Graphing a) In what month did students read 180 books? b) During which month were 50 more books read than in May?	Number of Books	400 1 350 1 300 1 250 1	`the cak	e are ea orm.	ten. Wha			cake has

Name:	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	mer Math — Day 9 🦫
Write your answer in the space provid 1) <u>Computation</u> Find the product of 3 and 813.	led or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u> What is the quotient when 528 is divided by 2?
3) <u>Rounding</u> Round each number to the nearest ten. a) 1,472 →	
b) 9,295 → 4) <u>Fractions</u> Matthew bought a box of 32 sodas. His fam How many sodas did his family drink? ———————————————————————————————————	nily drank $\frac{5}{8}$ of the sodas.
5) Measurement Fill in the blanks. cups = 1 pint 2 pints = quart cups = 1 quart quarts = 1 gallon	©Math is Sweet

6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model)		_		
There are 6,095 boys and girls at the footb How many more boys than girls are at the s		n. 2,864 of	the ch	nildren are girls.
Thow many more boys man giris are at the s	31GGIGITI:			
7) <u>Fractions</u>			•••••	
David mows $\frac{3}{12}$ of his lawn in the morning	. What fr	action of h	is lawn	must he mow in the
afternoon in order to mow his entire lawn?				•
8) <u>Money</u>		ф 1g	•	- w.l 6 - w 6 14 . 4 7
Luke wants to buy a new baseball cap. The How much money will he save?	cap costs	s \$ 19.99 but	is on	sale for \$14.47.
The will all the save :				
9) Place Value	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••	
Fill in the blanks.				
200 less		200 moi	re	
~\	5 000			
a)	3,002			
b)	9,150 ₋			
10) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>		15 ft		
Amy wants to buy carpet for her bedroom. What is the total area of the bedroom?				
				8 ft
			6 ft	
		7 ft	_	©Math is Sweet

3rd Grade Summer Math — Day Write your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final answer. 1) Computation 2) Computation Divide 650 by 9. Add. 2, 0 8 5 + 4, 9 2 9 3) Rounding Round 3,071 to the nearest a) ten → b) hundred → _____ c) thousand \rightarrow _____ 4) Fractions List three equivalent fractions for Draw hands on the clock to show 20 minutes to 5. (Don't forget to place the hour hand in the correct position!) What time is shown on the clock?

/			
6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar m	odel)		
A garden has 4 rows of flowers	Each row has 312 f	lowers.	
A gardener picks 865 flowers. H	ow many flowers are	e left?	
7) Money			
Emery buys a new bike for \$67.7		3100 bill.	
How much change will she receive	′e?		
-			
8) <u>Place Value</u>			
Fill in the blanks.			
If 10 hundreds = $1,000$, then			
11 10 1141141 040 1,000) 111011			
15 hundreds =	37 k	nundreds =	
10 Harlar cas =			
80	hundreds =		
a) [• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
9) <u>Fractions</u>			
Frankie cut a candy bar into 8 pi			etween herself
and 3 friends. What fraction of	ne candy bar did ead	ch person receive?	
10) <u>Geometry</u>			
Look at the figure.			
Write whether each	1 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
	 		,111
box shows a flip, turn,			(U)
or slide of the figure.			
			

	d Gra								
1) <u>Computatio</u> Multiply.	n 84 <u>x</u>	0 <u>7</u>		2) <u>C</u> Divi	omputa de.	tion 6	7 5 4	1	
3) <u>Rounding</u> Round each n a) 6,551 →			st hundre	ed.					
4) <u>Fractions</u> Put the fracti		rfrom g	greatestt		<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>			
-		·	<i>,</i>		5 - ,	,		_	
5) <u>Time</u> Sophia started homework, to pm. How long when she can	ok her dog t did she spe	for a wo	alk, and p Il of her o	layed out	side. Sh	ie came i	nside for	dinner at	5:55

7) <u>Graphing</u>		X					
Use the data in the line plot to answer the questions.	v	X			X		
·	X X	X X		x	X X		
a) How many people won fewer than	X	X		X	X		
35 tickets?	X	X	X	X	X	X	
- NA/le vid v. v	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
o) What was the greatest number	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
of tickets won?		Numbe	r of Tick : Each x s				
o) Three thousand, three hundred thirty is _						3,303.	
a) Area/Perimeter			in				
, <u> </u>		_ 4	1111				
a) What is the length of the missing side?							
, <u> </u>		4	9 i				
Mhat is the length of the missing side?	2	4 20 in		n 18 in	l	1	
, <u> </u>	2				ı	? in	
Mhat is the length of the missing side?	2		q;			? in	

Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade Summ	ier Math — Day 12
<u> </u>	d or draw a box around your final answer.
1) <u>Computation</u> Find the difference between 4,206 and 9,007.	2) <u>Computation</u> Find the product when 345 is multiplied by 8.
3) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model) Jeffrey has 85 tulips to plant. He plants 22 tu into 9 pots. How many tulips did he plant in ed	
4) <u>Fractions</u>	
Find the numerator needed to make the whole	; numbers below.
$\boxed{3} = 6$	
b) $\overline{5} = 4$	
5) <u>Balancing Equations</u> Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equ	uation have the same value.
1,550 + 1,550 = 5,000	

Mr. Thompson's tomato vine had of the tomatoes are left on the vi		`the tomatoes. What fraction nplest form.
7) <u>Money</u> Mark earns \$38 at his lemonade s brother. Then he buys a new bad		
3) Place Value		
Make the greatest EVEN number	using all of the digits below.	
1, 5, 4,	7 →	
9) <u>Area/Perimeter</u> A rectangle has an area of 36 sq combinations that could create a		two possible length and width
a)		
o)		
10) <u>Measurement</u> A paperclip weighs about a gram 1,000 grams = 1 kilogram. Choose the best unit of measurer	-	
	-	

_ _ _ -

-

Write your answer in 1) <u>Computation</u> Multiply. 5 17 <u>x 8</u>	the space provide	d or draw a box arou 2) <u>Computatior</u> Divide 227 by	<u>)</u>	wer.
3) <u>Rounding</u> Round 1,699 to the nearest a) ten → b) hundred →				
c) thousand → 4) <u>Fractions</u> Shade ↓ of the rectangle.			••••••	••••••
5) <u>Money</u> Caleb has \$50. He spends \$15 How much money does he hav		-shirt and \$23.63	on a new pair	of shoes.

h	/		 . 	
7	6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw c	ı bar model)		
•	Anna, Brittany and Kelly h	ave 65 stuffed anima	ls in all.	
	Anna has twice as many s		-	
ı	Kelly has 14 stuffed anima	als. How many stuffed	d animals does A	inna have?
•				
		_		
ı				
ı				
ı				
l	7) <u>Fractions</u>		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
ı	Compare the fractions. Us	se > . < . or = .		
ı	compare me machene.			
	$\underline{2} \cap \underline{\downarrow}$			
	a) $\frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{1}{3}$			
	\perp \bigcirc \perp			
ı	b) 6 U 4			
	8) <u>Place Value</u>			
ı	Fill in the blanks.			
ı	~\ C \ \ C	la \	17	
ı	a) 6 x 8 =	_ (a	7 × 7 =	
	6 x 80 =		90 x 7 =	
	0 X 00 =		10 X 7 =	
	6 x 800 =		900 x 7 =	
	•			
	9) <u>Geometry</u> Draw an example of a			
ı	a) line	b) line seg	ment	c) point
	d) inte	b) iiilo 309	1110111	0) 201111
•				
1				
	10) Time			
	How many minutes are in	1 hour?		
	Trow many minures are in	1 110ul :	_	
ı	2 hours =	minutes		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		
	360 minutes =	hours		
•	9 hours =	minutes		

_ hours

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600 minutes =

Name: _____ Date: _____





Write your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final answer.

1) <u>Computation</u> Add.

> 3, 8 5 0 + 3, 7 5 8

2) <u>Computation</u> Multiply 476 by 9.

3) Word Problem (draw a bar model)

Mrs. Smith bought a bag of candy for her class. She gave 7 pieces to each of her 18 students. How many pieces of candy were in the bag?

4) Fractions

Write the fractions in simplest form.

a)
$$\frac{12}{15} =$$

b)
$$\frac{10}{12} =$$

5) Place Value

Fill in the blanks.

~	<i></i>
7	6) <u>Area/Perimete</u>
•	Alan wants to put
ı	a width of 4 feet
	What is the total I
	will need to go ard

a wooden frame around a mirror with and a height of 6 feet.

length of wood he ound the mirror?

7) <u>Ti</u>me

Subtract.

- a) 7 hr 15 min 2 hr 35 min = _____
- b) 6 hr 20 min 4 hr 45 min = _____

8) Place Value

Compare. Write greater than, less than, or equal to.

- a) Nine thousand, four hundred five is ______ 9,000 + 400 + 5.
- b) 2,500 is _____ 25 thousands.

9) Fractions

Callie earned \$45 babysitting. She put $\frac{4}{9}$ of her money in her savings account. How much money did she put in her savings account?

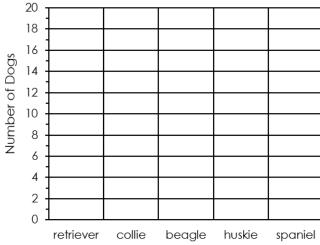
10) Graphing

Use the data in the table to complete the bar graph.

Type of Dog	Number of Dogs
retriever	18
collie	8
beagle	11
huskie	1
spaniel	12

The scale shows a skip count of _____.

Dogs at the Park Last Week



Types of Dogs

Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade	Summer Math — Day 15
Write your answer in the 1) <u>Computation</u> Subtract 4,256 from 7,005.	e space provided or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u> Divide. 7 5 9 3
3) <u>Rounding</u> Round each number to the near thousand. a) 6,389 →	est -
 b) 8,703 → 4) <u>Fractions</u> Mrs. Jenkins has a class of 28 st How many students are boys? 	students. $\frac{3}{7}$ of her students are girls.
5) <u>Money</u> What is the value of the money	TO PEDIGIN NOTE ID
A S8078999A	THE ATTER STATES OF AMERICA SOUTHWAY SOUTHWAY SOUTHWAY C 81230251 D C 81230251 D C 81230251 D C 81230251 D

\sim \	\	Problem	/ -1		I	-
h l	I WWARA	Propiem	Iaraw	\sim	nar	model
\cup \cup	* * * O		(ai avv	ч	PUI	111000

Jack and Ryan earned \$420 dog-sitting over the summer.

Jack earned three times as much as Ryan.

How much more did Jack earn than Ryan?

7) Fractions

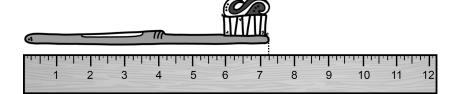
Daisy finished $\frac{1}{4}$ of her art project on Monday. On Tuesday, she finished $\frac{1}{2}$ of her project. What fraction of the project still needs to be completed?

8) Balancing Equations

Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equation have the same value.

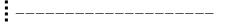
9) Measurement

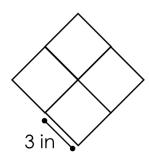
Measure the toothbrush to the nearest quarter inch.



10) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>

The big square is made up of 4 identical small squares. What is the area of the big square?





Name: _____ Date: _____



3rd Grade Summer Math — Day 16



Write your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final answer.

1) Computation

Find the sum of 871 and 8,710.

2) <u>Computation</u> Divide.

6 9 1 8

3) Place Value

Make the least EVEN number using all of the digits below.

7, 3, 6, 4 **>**_____

4) Fractions

What whole numbers are represented by the fractions below?

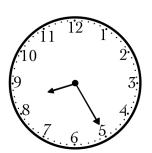
a)
$$\frac{36}{4} =$$

b)
$$\frac{16}{8} =$$

5) Time

Write the time shown on each clock below.





		-		
7) <u>Fracti</u> Compare	i <u>ons</u> e the fractions. Us	e > , < , or = .	 	
3 b) 4	$\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{6}{12}$			
8) <u>Place</u> Fill in the	<u>Value</u>		 	
If 10 tens	s = 100, then			
9) <u>Money</u> Molly spe	tens <u>/</u> ends \$45.30 on a n ch change does sh	ew pair of shoes	 700 = a \$50 bill.	tens
10) Coom	o o tru (
10) <u>Geon</u> Write the	e name of each sh	ape. 	 	

	Sumi	mer	1/~	+		4	
the:			IVIU	[] -	- Day	1/	
	space prov	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		our final answ	er.	
			<u>Computa</u> vide 775				
		_	•••••			•••••	•••••
om /	least to gi	reatest.	Use <u> </u> as	s a bend	chmark.		
<u>}</u>	<u> 4</u>	2	8		_		
)	/	8	9	10			
	,		/			_	
		rect pos	ition!)				
ock	<i>?</i>	11	12	<u>.</u>			
	(:	y :10 9	•	∠ :\ 3:			
	<i>(</i>	\. 8	-	4.			
	om /	om <i>least</i> to <i>gi</i>	om <i>least</i> to <i>greatest</i> . 3 4 2 7 8 show 25 minutes after hand in the correct pos	om least to greatest. Use $\frac{1}{2}$ as $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{7}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{8}{9}$	om least to greatest. Use $\frac{1}{2}$ as a bendance $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{7}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{8}{9}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ show 25 minutes after noon. hand in the correct position!)	om least to greatest. Use $\frac{1}{2}$ as a benchmark. $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{7}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{8}{9}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ Show 25 minutes after noon. hand in the correct position!)	om least to greatest. Use $\frac{1}{2}$ as a benchmark. $\frac{3}{5} \frac{4}{7} \frac{2}{8} \frac{8}{9} \frac{1}{10}$ Show 25 minutes after noon. hand in the correct position!)

6) Word Problem (draw a bar model)

Ian scored 240 points playing skeeball. He scored 60 points more than Hank. How many points did the boys score in all?

7) Fractions

Mrs. Huggins needs 1 cup of sugar for a recipe. She has $\frac{5}{8}$ of a cup. How much more sugar does she need?

8) Balancing Equations

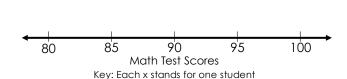
Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equation have the same value.

4,500 - ____ = 1,800 + 975

9) Graphing

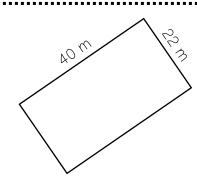
Use the information in the table to complete the line plot.

Math Test Score	Number of Students
80	1
85	7
90	8
95	5
100	2



10) Area/Perimeter

What is the perimeter of the rectangle?



Name:	Date:
3 rd Grade Sum	nmer Math — Day 18
Write your answer in the space pro	ovided or draw a box around your final answer. 2) <u>Computation</u>
Subtract. 7, 1 0 6 - 1, 2 0 7	What is the product when 845 is multiplied by 9?
3) <u>Measurement</u> Fill in the blanks.	
ounces = 1 pound ounces = 3 pounds	
ounces = 6 pounds	
4) <u>Fractions</u> List three equivalent fractions for	
a) 5 =;;	
$\frac{3}{9} = .$	
b) $\overline{9}$ =;;; 5) <u>Money</u>	
Ashley walks her neighbor's dog for 7 dearns, she buys a new purse for \$52. He	ays. She earns \$12 each day. With the money she ow much money does she have left?
	©Math is Sweet

6) Word Problem	n (draw a bar model)		
Marcie made 124	- friendship pins in May	She made another 140 pins in J	-
She put the pins i	in bags of 4 to sell at th	e craft fair. How many bags did	she make?
:			:
:			
•			
:			
7) <u>Fractions</u>			
Chris and Aidan	each ran $\frac{2}{5}$ of a mile. \	What fraction of a mile did they e	eat in all?
	J 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
<u> </u>			
			:
			•
:			
8) <u>Place Value</u>			:
Complete the pat	tern.		
8 ,200 7,950		7,450	
• 0,200 7,100			
: :	What's the ru	e?	:
9) <u>Area/Perimete</u>	<u>er</u>		
		width of 8 feet has an area of 2	24 square feet.
Draw and label a	nother rectangle that co	ould also have the same area.	
10) <u>Place Value</u>			:
Fill in the blanks.			
	70 less	70 more	
:			:
:	a)	_ 2,810	
:			
	la \	7 777	
	n)	_ 7,777	•

3 rd Grade Summer Math — Day Write your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final an	
	nswer.
1) Computation Find the difference between 5,010 and 2,807. Divide 568 by 3.	
4) Rounding Round each number to the nearest ten. a) 3,299 →	
b) 5,617 → c) 1,111 → 3) <u>Fractions</u> (draw a picture to help you)	
a) $\frac{1}{8}$ of $40 = $	
5) <u>Time</u> Lindsey is sewing scarves for her friends. It takes her 15 minutes to sew of long will it take her to sew 10 scarves? Give your answer in hours and minutes.	utes.
If she starts sewing scarves at 11:40 am, what time will it be after she sew scarves?	/s all 10 ©Math is Sweet

	5,287 cows and more chickens				ials are cow	/S.
		_				
7) <u>Money</u>					OSTATE OF ANTON	STATES OF AND
What is the	value of the m	oney shown b	O NOTE		UNBERTY CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	MARTER DOUBLES ON
		F 6	FF99	5594731 A		NOTIFE COLUMN
		Manual State of State	ONEHIOND	RED DOLLARS)	2012	ONE CENT

4, 5, 1, 9 > _____

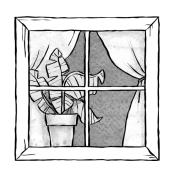
9) $\frac{\text{Fractions}}{\text{Compare the fractions.}}$ Use > , < , or = .





10) <u>Geometry</u> Mark at least two angles in each shape below.







Name: _____ Date: _____

3rd Grade Summer Math — Day 20



Write your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final answer

1) <u>Computation</u> Add.

2) <u>Computation</u> Multiply.

3) Word Problem (draw a bar model)

After using \$1,287 to buy a new TV, Mrs. Jones has \$356 left.

How much did she have at first?

4) Fractions

Write the fractions in simplest form.

a)
$$\frac{4}{12} =$$

b)
$$\frac{10}{15} =$$

5) Place Value

Fill in the blanks.

|--|

Ava sews 30 buttons on some jackets. $\frac{2}{3}$ of the buttons are gold. *How many* buttons are not gold?

7) Time

How many minutes are in 1 hour? _____

9 hours = _____ minutes

180 minutes = _____ hours

4 hours = _____ minutes

420 minutes = _____ hours

8) Rounding

A number, when rounded to the nearest hundred, is 3,500.

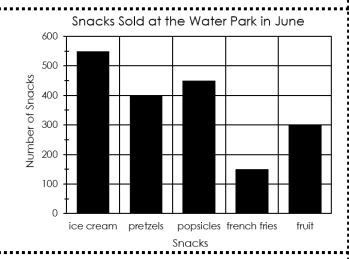
What is the least number possible?

What is the greatest number possible?

9) <u>Graphing</u>

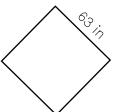
Use the bar graph to answer the questions.

- a) How many more pretzels were sold than french fries? _____
- b) How much more fruit must be sold for it to be equal to ice cream?

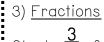


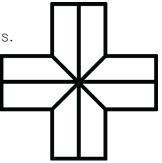
10) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>

What is the perimeter of the square?



Vame:	Date:
	Summer Math — Day 21
1) <u>Computation</u> Multiply 154 by 7.	2) <u>Computation</u> Divide.
	8 6 3 9

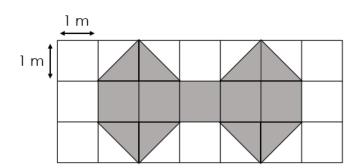




Shade $\frac{3}{4}$ of the cross.

4) Measurement Fill in the blanks.

5) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>
What is the area of the figure?



6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model) There are 3,455 red apples in the orchard. There are 825 fewer green apples than red
apples. There are 269 more yellow apples than green apples. How many apples are in the orchard altogether?
of chara diregenter?
7) <u>Rounding</u>
Round 8,854 to the nearest
a) ten $ ightarrow$
b) hundred $ o$
c) thousand >
8) <u>Balancing Equations</u> Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equation have the same value.
8,010 = + 980
9) <u>Fractions</u>
Mrs. Hollis cut a cake into 12 pieces. Each of her 4 children ate 2 pieces.
What fraction of the cake did her children eat? Give your answer in simplest form.
10) <u>Money</u>
Mrs. Garrett has \$535. She gives \$25 to each of her three grandchildren. How much money does she have left?
·

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Name:	Date:
3rd	Grade Summer Math – Day 22 🍆
Write 1) <u>Computation</u> Subtract.	your answer in the space provided or draw a box around your final answer. 2) Computation Multiply. 6, 7 1 5 6 8 4 x 9
There are 1,360 There are 4 tim	d (draw a bar model) candy bars and drinks for sale at the football game. es as many drinks as candy bars. candy bars are for sale?
4) Fractions Find the numero a) $8 = 4$	for needed to make the whole numbers below.
b) 3 = 7 5) <u>Place Value</u>	
Complete the po	tern. 1,745 1,835 1,925
	What's the rule? ©Math is Swe

6)	Fractions	
\cup	1 1 4011011	_

Compare the fractions. Use > , < , or = .



$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{8} \bigcirc \frac{3}{9} \end{array}$$

7) Money

Abby raises \$1587 to help hurricane victims. She gives \$545 to Charity A, \$490 to Charity B, and the rest to Charity C. How much money does she give to Charity C?

8) Balancing Equations

Fill in the blanks to make each side of the equation have the same value.

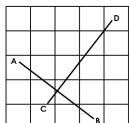
9) <u>Time</u>

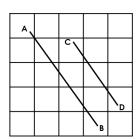
Add.

b) 2 hr 35 min + 2 hr 35 min = _____

10) <u>Geometry</u>

Label each set of lines as parallel or perpendicular.





lame:					_ Date: .			
	ade (
Write your of the sour of the sour of the product of 8	answer in the	space prov	2)	Computa vide.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0 2	_	
B) <u>Place Value</u> Make the least EVEN he digits below. 2, 0, 3, 9 →								
4) <u>Fractions</u> Put the fractions in o	rder from 4 4	least to g. <u>4</u> 8	reatest. <u>4</u> 12	<u>4</u> 5	<u>4</u> 10			
——————————————————————————————————————	kip counts of bottles w yy. How mai	ere recyc		500 500 450 400 350 250 200	Recycl	ed Water B	Soffles	
c) Why do you think t	 ho nounda :	of hottles		150				

9	6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model)
	Mikey has \$87. He wants to buy 8 cans of tennis balls.
١	If each can costs \$8, how much money will he have left?
١	
:	
	7) <u>Fractions</u>
'	Audrey has completed 9 of the problems on her math test.
	What fraction of the problems does she still have to complete?
	That it deficit of the problems does one officially one complete:
֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	
. :	
	8) <u>Area/Perimeter</u>
	A garden has a total area of 28 square meters. The length of the garden is 4 meters.
١	What is the width?
١	
١	
١	
١	
1	9) Time
1	Write the time shown on each clock below.
١	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{12}{1}$
1	$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & 1 & 2 \\ 10 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
١	$(9 \leftarrow 3;)$ $(9 \rightarrow 3;)$
١	(8 4)
ı	7.6.5
	10) <u>Place Value</u>
	Fill in the blanks.
	500 less 500 more
	a) 4,850
4	b)
J	

Name:	9				
3rd Grade Summe Write your answer in the space provided 1) Computation	or draw a box around your final answer. 2) Computation				
Find the sum of 2,088 and 4,880.	Divide 999 by 7.				
3) Rounding Round each number to the nearest hundred.					
a) 1,684 → b) 7,912 →					
4) <u>Fractions</u> A deck of playing cards contains 52 cards. $\frac{1}{4}$	of the cards are diamonds.				
How many cards are not diamonds?					
5) <u>Area/Perimeter</u> The rectangle is made up of 6 identical square	es.				
What is the area of the rectangle?					
	4 yd ©Math is Sweet				

	a bar model) cupcakes for sale at the cupcake store. There are three times as as vanilla cupcakes. How many chocolate and vanilla cupcakes
7) <u>Fractions</u>	••••••
If George wants to read a what fraction of the book	
What fraction of the book Give your answer in simp	 k will he have read by day 6? lest form.
8) <u>Place Value</u>	
Compare. Write <i>greater t</i>	than, less than, or equal to.
a) 54 tens is	54.
b) 2,000 + 60 + 6 is	2,606.
9) Money	
Mrs. Huggins buys some li	ipstick for \$22.50 and some nail polish for \$11.80. She pays with much change does she receive?
10) <u>Measurement</u>	
10) <u>Measurement</u> Measure each ribbon to th	
Measure each ribbon to the	ne nearest quarter inch.
•	
Measure each ribbon to the	ribbon a

Name:	Date:
	Summer Math — Day 25
Write your answer in the 1) <u>Computation</u> Multiply 845 by 6.	2) <u>Computation</u> Find the quotient when 677 is divided by 5.
3) <u>Rounding</u> Round 2,929 to the nearest	
a) ten → b) hundred → c) thousand → 4) Fractions	
List three equivalent fractions for $\frac{4}{6} = $	or:
b) $\frac{2}{5}$ =;; 5) Money What is the value of the money s	879380 CHAPTER DE ANCES
	AC 08987938 D C3 AC 08987938 D C3 AC 08987938 D C3 AC 08987938 D C3 C4 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5

_ _ _

6) <u>Word Problem</u> (draw a bar model) ■ Dana has three times as many bracelets as Gigi. Gigi has 15 more bracelets than Molly. ■ If Dana has 96 bracelets, how many does Molly have?	
Dund has 40 bracelers, now many aces mony have?	
7) <u>Time</u> Draw hands on the clock to show 10 minutes to 6. (Don't forget to place the hour hand in the correct position!)	
What time is shown on the clock?	
8) <u>Place Value</u> Make the greatest EVEN number using all of the digits below.	
9, 4, 0, 7 >	
9) <u>Fractions</u>	
John needs to study for an hour for his test. He has already studied for $\frac{1}{4}$ of an hour. How many minutes has he spent studying so far?	
10) <u>Geometry</u> Write the name of the shapes described below.	
a) a quadrilateral with opposite sides parallel and no right angles >	
b) a quadrilateral with only one pair of parallel sides ->	
c) a six sided figure ->©Math is S	sweet

-

/_

2 x 7 7 x 2 10 x 8 q <u>х q</u> 0 <u>x 4</u> 7 <u>x 2</u> 6 <u>x 10</u> 10 <u>x 10</u> q <u>x 7</u> 3 <u>x 2</u> <u>x 10</u> q <u>x 2</u> 3 <u>x 4</u> 1 <u>x 4</u> 6 <u>x 10</u> x 10 10 x 8 6 <u>x 3</u> 1 x 8 <u>x 10</u> 7 <u>x 7</u> 7 <u>x 10</u> 5 <u>x 3</u> 10 <u>x 10</u> x 10

2 x 6

4 <u>x</u> 9

7 x 5

10

7	6	2	0	4	0	4
<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 7</u>	x 8	<u>x 2</u>	x 6	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 5</u>
4	5	2	2	0	5	q
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 8</u>
7	9	9	8	10	5	0
<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 6</u>
8	2	q	6	q	1	q
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>х</u> q	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 5</u>
0	8	3	8	8	4	q
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x</u> 9	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 3</u>
q	3	8	3	10	3	6
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x</u> 8
5	1	5	1	3	2	4
<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 10</u>
3	10	7	q	5	q	4
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>х</u> q	<u>x</u> 6
_		_	_	_	_	_

<u>x 10</u>

7	1	8	5	8	8	5
<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 8</u>	x 5
3	10	10	9	2	q	3
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 2</u>
0	6	6	6	0	3	3
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x q</u>	<u>x 6</u>
7	4	1	1	8	8	q
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 3</u>
0	6	6	0	7	4	5
<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 6</u>
8	q	8	6	5	5	7
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 4</u>
2	3	4	10	0	10	5
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	x 5	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>
10	3	q	10	q	7	7
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>х 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 5</u>
1	q	7	q	7	8	3

<u>x 9</u> <u>x 6</u> <u>x 6</u> <u>x 4</u> <u>x 9</u>

<u>x 6</u>

2	10	6	2	6	10	5
<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 8</u>	x 6
5	1	q	5	7	8	1
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 10</u>	x 2	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 5</u>
7	2	8	0	9	4	10
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 3</u>
3	1	q	0	3	5	0
<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 7</u>
7	8	10	0	3	6	8
<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>
8	5	8	7	3	0	q
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 4</u>
3	8	4	2	2	3	1
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 2</u>
7	6	2	1	3	2	5
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 3</u>
10	3	2	6	2	10	10
<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 9</u>	x 2	x 2	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 6</u>

9 7 2 8 0 9 8 x 3 x 10 x 4 x 5 x 3 x 2 0 9 5 4 6 x 10 x 2 x 3 x 8 x 2 x 6 x 9 1 10 2 10 3 10 x 3 x 7 x 10 x 4 x 5 x	6 7 3 5	1 x 8 7 x 8 5 x 8	7 x 5 0 x 9 7 x 10	2 x 5 7 x 8 10 x 10	10 x 8 10 x 8 6 x 5	5 x 6 0 x 3 5 x 7	6 x 5 1 x 3 q x 10
2 0 9 5 4 6 x 10 x 2 x 3 x 8 x 2 x 6 2 9 1 10 2 10 3 x 10 x 3 x 7 x 10 x 4 x 5	4 <u>(6</u>	0 <u>x 8</u>	5 <u>x 2</u>	6 <u>x 3</u>	9 <u>x 6</u>	q <u>x 4</u>	2 <u>x 5</u>
9 1 10 2 10 3	q	7	2	8	0	9	5
<u>x 10 x 3 x 7 x 10 x 4 x 5</u>	< 8	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 8</u>
	2	0	9	5	4	6	8
	x 10	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 10</u>
10 10 3 3 1 10	9	1	10	2	10	3	0
x 2 x 4 x 7 x 10 x 10 x 2 x	x 10	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 5</u>
	10	10	3	3	1	10	2
	x 2	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 4</u>

8 x 8

<u>x 10</u>

10

9	10	5	5	3	5	0
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 8</u>	x 2
10	5	10	4	q	1	7
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 4</u>
0	2	8	6	1	3	1
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>	x 3	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 7</u>
4	3	2	10	q	q	0
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>
3	7	10	2	3	q	4
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x q</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 3</u>
2	0	2	2	9	3	10
<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>
10	8	4	2	q	1	7
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>х 6</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 8</u>
3	8	7	9	6	10	0
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 5</u>
6	3	10	q	5	3	7
<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 3</u>

Division Fact Practice (divide 0 - 10)

Division Fact Practice (divide 0 - 10)

Division Fact Practice (divide 0 – 10)

Division Fact Practice (divide 0 - 10)

Division Fact Practice (divide 0 – 10)

Division Fact Practice (divide 0 - 10)

A Guide to Bar Modeling

Why modeling?

- Bar models (sometimes called tape diagrams) have been around for years. This type of approach to problem solving allows children to visualize and make sense of a problem before deciding how to tackle it mathematically by choosing the correct operations.
- Once students are able to visualize and reason using a model, they can apply it to almost all areas of mathematics.
- Using models helps students avoid the tricks of key words, having to learn songs or rhymes to remember how to solve a problem, and formula memorization, which is easily forgotten if not practiced regularly.

Visualizing and representing problems with bar models encourages students to be critical thinkers and problem solvers!

This guide has examples of the most common types of word problems seen throughout this past year. Some multi-step problems may need two separate models, while some may be solved with one. Understanding the difference between part-total and comparison models is key for addition/subtraction and multiplication/division word problems.

Your student may have a unique way to model a problem. Encourage your student to find what works for them as long as the model makes sense and they can explain how they arrived at the solution.

Steps for Modeling

- 1) Read the entire problem.
- 2) Rewrite the question as a statement.

When a word problem has multiple steps, but only one question, this allows the student to check and see they solved for the correct question.

- 3) Draw your model/models and label all parts given in the problem.
 - Place a question mark(s) where there is missing information.

Your student may want to "decorate" the final question to make it stand out to ensure they work through the model until they can find the final answer.

- 4) Fill in the numbers given in the problem.
- 5) Solve your equation(s).
- 6) Check your answer.

Follow the model and solve. Does the model make sense with the answer (ex. was a big number placed in a bar that was supposed to have less)?

7) Place your answer in your answer statement.

Part-Total (addition/subtraction) Will have two or more parts.

Add when the total is missing. Subtract when a part is missing.

The key to understanding part-total diagrams is knowing whether a part or a total is given. Ask your student, "Is this a part or the total? How do you know?" Your student should be able to look at the rest of the problem and determine the action (how the numbers are changing).

In addition models, two or more parts are being joined together and a total is missing.

Examples:

There are 38 boys on the playground.

There are 42 girls.

How many children are on the playground? children

(missing total)
?
en # #
known known
part part

There are 38 children on the playground. 15 children join them.

How many children are on the playground now?

(*In this example, students often think 38 is the

total because that is "all" of the children on the playground.

The next sentence states more children are being added, making 38 only part of the children.)

In subtraction models, a total is being separated into two or more parts. Students might recognize something is leaving, going away, being spent, being eaten, etc.

Examples:

Alexa baked 50 cookies.
28 are chocolate chip and the rest are oatmeal.

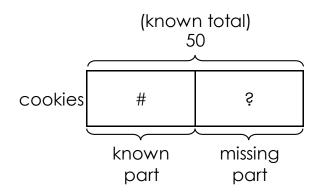
How many cookies are oatmeal?

Alexa baked 50 cookies.

Her children ate some of them.

Now she has 32 cookies.

How many cookies did her children eat?



Comparison (addition/subtraction) One quantity will have more than/less than another.

The key to understanding comparison versus part-total word problems is recognizing that two or more people or items are being compared, and not joined or separated. Students should recognize one quantity is more/less. greater/fewer, longer/shorter than another. Often a problem will state "more than", but other problems might be worded as one quantity "is more", with the word "than" being implied. Being able to distinguish between "having more/less" (comparing), and "getting more/less" (part-total) is a very important part of understanding these types of word problems.

Comparison models will have a smaller part, a larger part, and a difference. This model can be used to answer many types of questions. Students should always read the problem and determine which quantity is smaller, which is larger, if the difference is given, and label all parts appropriately before entering numbers. This will help them avoid the "tricks" below.

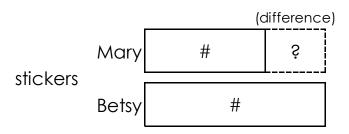
Examples:

Finding the difference:

Betsy has 45 stickers. Mary has 26 stickers. *How many more stickers

does Betsy have? *How many fewer stickers

does Mary have?



Finding the larger quantity:

Mary has 26 stickers.

Betsy has 19 more stickers than Mary.

How many stickers does Betsy have?

Mary # stickers *Tricky* Ś Betsv

Mary has 26 stickers.

She has 19 fewer stickers than Betsy.

How many stickers does Betsy have?

(difference)

#

Comparison (addition/subtraction) One quantity will have more than/less than another.

Finding the smaller quantity:

Betsy has 45 stickers.

Mary has 19 fewer stickers than Betsy.

How many stickers does Mary have?

. (difference)

Mary ? #

stickers

Betsy #

Tricky

Betsy has 45 stickers.

She has 19 more stickers than Mary.

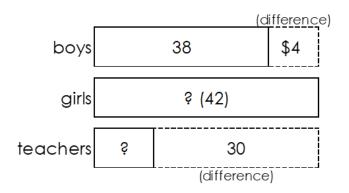
How many stickers does Mary have?

Comparing 3 quantities:

Option 1:

There are 38 boys on the playground.
There are 4 more girls than boys.
There are 30 fewer teachers than girls.
How many teachers are on the playground?

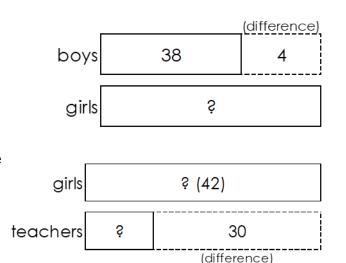
• Set up all three bars, being careful to label each bar correctly. Fill in all of the numbers and start with the first bar you can solve (girls). Use that answer to solve the next bar.



Option 2:

There are 38 boys on the playground.
There are 4 more girls than boys.
There are 30 fewer teachers than girls.
How many teachers are on the playground?

 Some students find it easier to compare only two quantities at a time, especially when mixed operations are involved, so make two comparison models and work through them like a puzzle.



Two-Step Comparison (addition/subtraction)
One quantity will have more than/less than another.
A total is given or requested.

The only difference between this model and the basic comparison model is a total is added at the end. Students should be able to see that this added component makes the model like a part-total diagram. In this case, the two parts are the quantities, and the total is at the end. The same rules apply for this model as a part-total model. When a total is missing, add the quantities. When a quantity is missing, subtract from the total. Remember, the difference is not part of the quantities that make up the total. After learning this model, some students prefer to use this diagram for both part-total and comparison models.

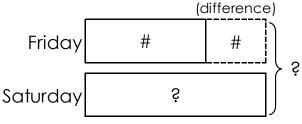
Examples:

Finding the larger quantity, then the total:

Jeff scored 54 points on Friday. He scored 8 more points on Saturday. How many points did he score in the two days?

points

points



Tricky

Jeff scored 54 points on Friday. He scored 8 fewer points on Friday than on Saturday. How many points did he score in all?

Finding the smaller quantity, then the total:

Jeff scored 62 points on Saturday. He scored 8 fewer points on Friday.

How many points did he score in all?

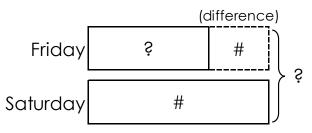
Trickv

Jeff scored 62 points on Saturday.

He scored 8 more points on Saturday

than on Friday.

How many points did he score in the two days?



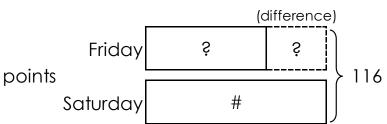
Two-Step Comparison (addition/subtraction) One quantity will have more than/less than another. A total is given or requested.

<u>Finding the larger or smaller quantity, then the</u> difference:

Jeff scored 116 points on Friday and Saturday.

He scored 62 points on Saturday.

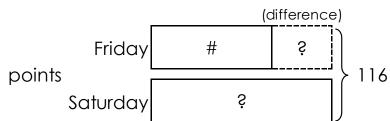
- *How many fewer points did he score on Friday?
- *How many more points did he score on Saturday?



Jeff scored 116 points on Friday and Saturday.

He scored 54 points on Friday.

- *How many more points did he score on Saturday?
- *How many fewer points did he score on Friday than on Saturday?



Part-Total (multiplication/division) Will have two or more parts of equal value.

These models are similar to addition/subtraction part-total models. Instead of parts of any size, these models will have multiple parts of the same size. When the problem states the number of groups, and the number in each group, multiply to find the total. When the problem states the total and the number of groups, or number in each group is given, divide. The key to understanding these word problems lies in understanding what are the "groups" and what is in each group. For example, if the problem is about crayons in boxes, the boxes are the groups and the crayons are the number in each group. To help students visualize, discuss that crayons go IN boxes, boxes don't go IN crayons.

In multiplication models, there are two or more EQUAL groups being joined together and a total is missing. The groups and the number in each group are given.

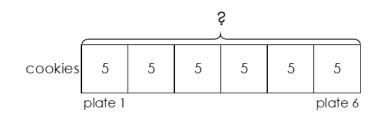
Example:

Sally has 6 plates of cookies.

There are 5 cookies on each plate.

How many cookies does

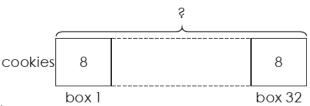
Sally have in all?



<u>Larger numbers:</u>

Sally has 32 plates of cookies.
There are 8 cookies on each plate.
How many cookies does
Sally have in all?

*Because there are so many groups, use dotted lines to represent a continuation of groups and label the first and last group.



Part-Total (multiplication/division) Will have two or more parts of equal value.

In division models, there is a total that is being separated into two or more equal groups, or a total being separated into groups of equal size. The total and number in each group, or the total and number of groups will be given.

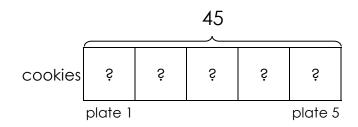
Example:

Total and number of groups given:

Sally has 45 cookies.

She puts the cookies equally onto 5 plates.

How many cookies does she put on each plate?



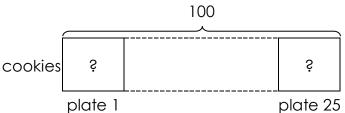
<u>Larger numbers:</u>

Sally has 100 cookies.

She puts the cookies equally onto 25 plates.

How many cookies does she put on each plate?

*Because there are so many groups, use dotted lines to represent a continuation of groups and label the first and last group.



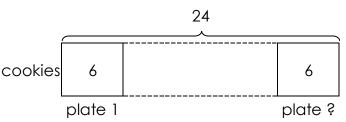
Total and number in each group given:

Sally has 24 cookies.

She puts 6 cookies on each plate.

How many plates does she use?

*Because the number of groups
is unknown, use the same method
as larger numbers; use a dotted line
to show a continuation of groups and
label the last group with a question mark.



Larger numbers:

There is no difference when using larger numbers.

The number of groups is still unknown so use the method above.

Multiplicative Comparison

One part will be larger or smaller by a multiple of 2 or more.

These problems are similar to addition/subtraction problems, but one quantity will be a multiple of the other. Students should determine who or what gets the smaller bar. The value of one bar will then be the value of each of the other bars in the model. The key is finding or knowing the value of a single bar.

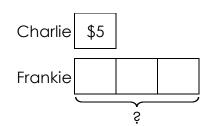
Examples:

Finding the larger quantity:

Charlie has \$5.

Frankie has three times as much as Charlie.

How much money does Frankie have?



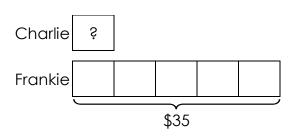
Finding the smaller quantity:

Frankie has \$35.

He has 5 times as much as Charlie.

How much money does Charlie have?

*A common mistake students make is placing 35 in each of Frankie's boxes. Remember, \$35 is ALL of Frankie's money, not part.



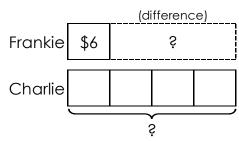
Finding the larger quantity, then the difference:

Frankie has \$6.

Charlie has 4 times as much as Frankie.

*How much more money does Charlie have?

*How much less money does Frankie have?

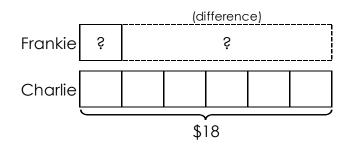


Finding the smaller quantity, then the difference:

Charlie has \$18.

He has 6 times as much as Frankie.

- *How much more money does Charlie have?
- *How much less money does Frankie have?



^{*}Students may choose to find the difference by finding both bars and subtracting, or by multiplying the value of one bar by the total number of bars in the difference area.

2-step Multiplicative Comparison One part will be larger or smaller by a multiple of 2 or more. A total will be given or requested.

These problems are set up exactly like addition/subtraction comparison models. Pay attention to who or what has the bigger bar and which missing piece needs to be found before getting to the final answer. Students often make the mistake automatically multiplying by 4 when they see "4 times as many". This is not always the case. When finding the total of the two groups, the number may need to be multiplied or divided by 5, as shown in the examples below.

Examples:

Find the larger quantity, then the total:

Emma has 5 red beads.

She has 4 times as many blue beads as red beads.

How many beads does she have in all?

Find the smaller quantity, then the total:

Emma has 27 red beads.

She has 3 times as many red beads as blue beads.

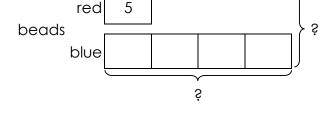
How many beads does she have in all?

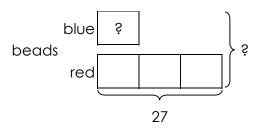
Variations when a total is given:

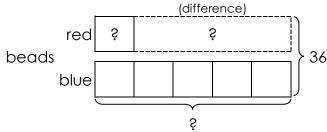
Fmma has 36 beads.

She has 5 times as many blue beads as red beads.

- *How many red/blue beads does she have?
- *How many more blue/fewer red beads does she have?
- *As mentioned above, to find the value of one box, divide 36 by 6 (the number of boxes that create the total).



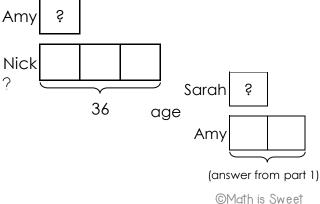




3-Part Multiplicative Comparison Nick is three times as old as Amy. age Amy is twice as old as Sarah.

If Nick is 36 years old, how old is Sarah?

*Again, some students find it easier to compare two quantities at a time and work through them like a puzzle. Here is an example.

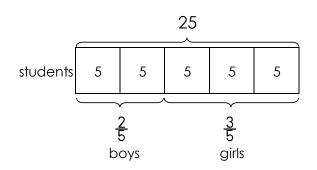


Using Bar Models with Fractions

It makes perfect sense to use bar modeling with fractions because it's all about equal groups. If students can use reasoning to understand the total number of groups and the parts that are represented, they should be able to work their way through most problems. These are a few of the most common types.

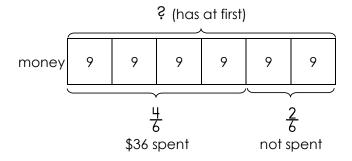
There are 25 students in Mrs. Huggins' class. $\frac{2}{5}$ of the students are boys and the rest are girls. How many students are girls?

• This problem shows a total of 25 students being divided into 5 equal groups. 2 of the 5 groups are boys, so 3 of the 5 groups, 15 students, are girls.



Alice spent $\frac{4}{6}$ of her money on a new purse. The purse costs \$36. How much money does she have left? How much money did she have at first?

• This problem shows that money has been divided into 6 groups. 4 of those groups represent money spent, \$36. The other 2 groups represent money Alice has that wasn't spent. \$36 is split equally among the 4 groups of money spent. The value of the remaining two groups can be determined based on the value of the 4 known groups (\$18).



Day 1

- 1) 11,259
- 2) 2,455
- 3) 565 adults
- 4) a) Ex. 2/4, 3/6, 4/8 b) Ex. 2/6, 3/9, 4/12
- 5) 8 slices

- 6) a) 4,590
 - b) 4,600
 - c) 5,000
- 7) a) 2:50
 - b) 3:20
- 8) 2000 + 300 + 5
- 9) Student should draw lines that intersect at a right angle.
- 10) 4 yards

Day 2

- 1) 4,362
- 2) 216 r3
- 3) a) 4 b) 2
- 4) 9 pieces
- 5) a) 3 and 4 b) 275

- 6) \$47.66
- 7) 2 hours 50 minutes
- 8) 5/8, 9/10, 5/5
- 9) 10 inches
- 10) 290 apples

<u>Day 3</u>

- 1) 3,654
- 2) 32 r1
- 3) a) 3,700 b) 4,000
- 4) 5/6 cup
- 5) 3:10 pm

- 6) \$954
- 7) \$22.57
- 8) 4,615; 5,055; 5,165; Rule: +110
- 9) A, B, C, D, E
- 10) 32 cups

Day 4

- 1) 1,755
- 2) 4,856
- 3) 872 plates and bowls
- 4) a) 1 b) 3
- 5) John; eighths are smaller than fifths so David has two larger pieces and John has two smaller pieces.

- 6) a) 3,460
 - b) 2,810
 - c) 1,010
- 7) 4:00 pm
- 8) 8,725
- 9) \$4.15
- Shade square, parallelogram, and trapezoid

Day 5

- 1) 9,545
- 2) 90 r5
- 3) a) 3/4 b) 3/4
- 4) 14 square inches
- 5) Student will complete line plot.

- 6) 161 cm
- 7) a) 5/10 (1/2) b) 2/8 (1/4)
- 8) a) 2,000
 - b) 4,000
- 9) 3,950
- 10) 60; 180; 5; 420, 4

Day 6

- 1) 2,155
- 2) 260
- 3) 180; 250; 960
- 4) a) 5 b) 15
- 5) 80 feet

- 6) \$2284
- 7) a) >
 - b) >
- 8) a) greater than b) less than
- 9) 8 3/4 inches
- 10) \$30

Day 7

- 1) 13 19
- 2) 100 r6
- 3) Student will mark top and bottom left corners and right point corner using right angle square symbol.
- 4) 4/5 of 10 = 8Student will shade 8 parts.
- 5) \$32.73

- 6) 1,485 more blue bags
- 7) a) 6,320
 - b) 6,300
 - c) 6,000
- 8) 5,490
- 9) a) 6 h 5 min b) 3h 10 min
- 10) a) 2
 - b) 3
 - c) 4

Day 8

- 1) 9,092
- 2) 3,537
- 3) 836 more sweaters
- 4) 0/9; 1/9; 3/9; 5/9; 6/9
- 5) 32, 64, 128, 256; rule: x 2 or double

- 6) 96 cm
- 7) 2:10; 7:35
- 8) 2,081
- 9) 6/12 = 1/2
- 10) a) April
 - b) March
 - c) 620 books

Day 9

- 1) 2,439
- 2) 264
- 3) a) 1,470 b) 9,300
- 4) 20 sodas
- 5) 2; 1; 4; 4

- 6) 367 more boys
- 7) 9/12 = 3/4
- 8) \$5.52
- 9) a) 5,602; 6,002 b) 8,950; 9,350
- 10) 162 square feet

<u>Day 10</u>

- 1) 7,014
- 2) 72 r2
- 3) a) 3,070
 - b) 3,100
 - c) 3,000
- 4) a) ex. 8/10; 12/15; 16/20 b) ex. 4/6; 6/9; 8/12
- 5)



; 4:40

- 6) 383 flowers
- 7) \$32.25
- 8) 1,500; 3,700; 8,000
- 9) 2/8 or 1/4
- 10) slide; turn; flip

<u>Day 11</u>

- 1) 5,880
- 2) 125 r4
- 3) a) 6,600 b) 8,000
- 4) 2/3, 2/5, 2/6, 2/9, 2/10 (Because the numerators are the same, compare the denominators. The larger the denominator, the smaller the parts).
- 5) 2 hours 35 minutes

- 6) 355 grams
- 7) a) 14 b) 50
- 8) a) less than
 - b) greater than
- 9) a) 11 inches
 - b) 84 inches
- 10) 1/5

<u>Day 12</u>

- 1) 4,801
- 2) 2,760
- 3) 7 tulips
- 4) a) 18 b) 20
- 5) 1,900

- 6) 6/10 = 3/5
- 7) \$67.24
- 8) 7,514
- q) Answers include:q x 4, 6 x 6, 12 x 3, 18 x 2, 36 x 1
- 10) gram; kilogram; kilogram

<u>Day 13</u>

- 1) 4,136
- 2) 28 r3
- 3) a) 1,700
 - b) 1,700
 - c) 2,000
- 4) 1/4 of 12 = 3Student will shade 3 parts.
- 5) \$10.92

- 6) Anna has 34 stuffed animals.
- 7) a) <
 - b) <
- 8) a) 48; 480; 4,800 b) 63; 630; 6,300
- g) ← → · · · · ·
- 10) 60; 120; 6; 540; 10

<u>Day 14</u>

- 1) 7,608
- 2) 4,284
- 3) 126
- 4) a) 4/5 b) 5/6
- 5) a: 36; 360; 3,600
 - b) 56; 560; 5,600

- 6) 20 feet
- 7) a) 4 h 40 min
 - b) 1 h 35 min
- 8) a) equal to
 - b) less than
- 9) \$20
- 10) Student will complete the bar graph; Scale shows skip counts of 2.

Day 15

- 1) 2,749
- 2) 84 r5
- 3) a) 6,000 b) 9,000
- 4) 16 boys
- 5) \$37.08

- 6) \$210
- 7) 1/4
- 8) 6,475
- 9) 7 1/4 inches
- 10) 36 square inches

<u>Day 16</u>

- 1) 9,581
- 2) 153
- 3) 3,476
- 4) a) 9 b) 2
- 5) 3:50; 8:25

- 6) \$180
- 7) a) < b) >
- 8) 12; 45; 70
- 9) \$4.70
- 10) pentagon;parallelogram/quadrilateral/quadrangle;trapezoid

<u>Day 17</u>

- 1) 956
- 2) 155
- 3) a) 9,310 b) 9,300
 - c) 9,000
- 4) 1/10, 2/8, 3/6, 4/7, 8/9
- 5)



; 12:25 pm

- 6) 420 points
- 7) 3/8 cup
- 8) 1,725
- 9) Student will complete the line plot.
- 10) 124 meters

<u>Day 18</u>

- 1) 5,899
- 2) 7,605
- 3) 16; 48; 96
- 4) a) ex. 1/2; 3/6; 4/8 b) ex. 1/3; 6/18; 9/27
- 5) \$32

- 6) 66 bags
- 7) 4/5
- 8) 7,700; 7,200; 6,950; rule = -250
- 9) 6 x 4, 12 x 2, or 1 x 24
- 10) a) 2,740; 2,880 b) 7,707; 7,847

<u>Day 19</u>

- 1) 2,203
- 2) 189 r1
- 3) a) 3,300
 - b) 5,620
 - c) 1,110
- 4) a) 5
 - b) 8
- 5) 2 hours 30 minutes; 2:10 pm

- 6) 3,221
- 7) \$100.72
- 8) 9,541
- 9) a) >
 - b) =
- 10) Student will mark two angles in each figure.

<u>Day 20</u>

- 1) 9,230
- 2) 1,620
- 3) \$1,643
- 4) a) 1/3
- b) 2/3
- 5) a) 30; 300; 3,000 b) 28; 280; 2,800

- 6) 10 buttons
- 7) 60; 540; 3; 240; 7
- 8) 3,450; 3,549
- 9) a) 250
 - b) 250
- 10) 252 inches

<u>Day 21</u>

- 1) 1,078
- 2) 79 r7
- 3) 3/4 of 8 = 6Student will shade 6 parts.
- 4) a) 12; 3; 36 b) 9; 60; 108
- 5) 9 square meters

- 6) 8,984 apples
- 7) a) 8,850
 - b) 8,900
 - c) 9,000
- 8) 7,030
- 9) 8/12 = 2/3
- 10) \$460

<u>Day 22</u>

- 1) 806
- 2) 6,156
- 3) 816 candy bars
- 4) a) 32 b) 21
- 5) 2,015; 2,105; 2,195; 2,285; 2,375 Rule = +90

- 6) a) =b) >
- 7) \$552
- 8) 1,270
- 9) a) 9 h 5 min b) 5 h 10 min
- 10) perpendicular; parallel

Day 23

- 1) 4,712
- 2) 175 r2
- 3) 2,390
- 4) 4/12, 4/10, 4/8, 4/5, 4/4 (Because the numerators are the same,
- compare the denominators. The larger the denominator, the smaller the parts).
- 5) a) 50 b) 675
 - c) Answers vary. Ex: It's probably getting hotter outside and people need more water to stay hydrated.

- 6) \$23
- 7) 5/9
- 8) 7 meters
- 9) 9:05; 10:55
- 10) a) 4,350; 5,350 b) 7,675; 8,675

Day 24

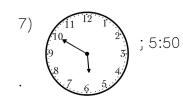
- 1) 6,968
- 2) 142 r5
- 3) a) 1,700 b) 7,900
- 4) 39 cards
- 5) 96 square yards

- 6) 1,248 cupcakes
- 7) 1/10; 6/10 or 3/5
- 8) a) greater than b) less than
- 9) \$5.70
- 10) a) 10 1/2 inches b) 4 1/4 inches

<u>Day 25</u>

- 1) 5,070
- 2) 135 r2
- 3) a) 2,930
 - b) 2,900
 - c) 3,000
- 4) a) ex. 2/3; 8/12; 12/18 b) ex. 4/10; 6/15; 8/20
- 5) \$80.55

6) 17 bracelets



- 8) 9,740
- 9) 15 minutes
- 10) a) parallelogram/rhombus
 - b) trapezoid
 - c) hexagon

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